

Geography: Green Class – Local Area

Where can I go by bus in Oldham?

Key Vocabulary		
Country	An area of land which has its own govern- ment.	
Town	A large group of houses and other build- ings where people live and work. Larger than a village.	
City	A group of houses or building where peo- ple live and work. Much larger than a town.	
Capital city	The city that functions as the centre of countries government,	
Population	Everyone who lives in a particular place,	
Village	A small group of houses and other build- ings where people live and work.	
Rural areas	The countryside; very few buildings.	
Urban areas	Towns and cities ; lots of buildings.	
United King- dom	The UK, is officially known as the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Island. It includes England, Scotland, Wale and Northern Ireland.	
Human geog- raphy	Building and amenities built by humans (such as houses).	
Physical Geog- raphy	The natural environments (such as rivers and mountains).	



Surrounding towns		
Royton		
Shaw		
Chadderton		
Failsworth		
Saddleworth		

Notable dates

1848	The Town Hall was built (This is now a
	cinema).
1895	Alexandra park opened.
1899	Oldham Athletic Football club was
	Founded (They even managed two
	seasons in the premier league)
1928	Elk Mill was built , the largest factory
	in the country (This is where Elk Mill
	retail park is today).
1964	Tubular bandage was invented in Old-
	ham.
1977	The civil centre building was built.
2016	St Anne's Primary Royton celebrates
	100 years of being open to the public.







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Key Knowledge: Oldham

Oldham is a town in Lancashire, England, amid the Pennines and between the rivers Irk and Medlock, 5.3 miles (8.5 km) southeast of Rochdale and 6.9 miles (11.1 km) northeast of Manchester. It is the administrative centre of the Metropolitan Borough of Oldham, which has a population of 235, 623.

Historically in Lancashire, and with little early history to speak of, Oldham rose to prominence in the 19th century as an international centre of textile manufacture. It was a boomtown of the Industrial Revolution, and among the first ever industrialised towns, rapidly becoming "one of the most important centres of cotton and textile industries in England".^[2]

Today Oldham is a predominantly residential town, and the improvement of the town centre is the focus of a project for transforming Oldham into a centre for further education and the performing arts.^[7] It is, however, still distinguished architecturally by the surviving cotton



Key Knowledge: UK

The UK, is Officially known as the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Island. It includes England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland.

England is the most populated country in the United Kingdom. England is bordered by Wales to the west and Scotland to the north. The Capital city of England is London

Scotland is located to the northern end of Great Britain. The capital of Scotland is Edinburgh. The highest mountain in the UK are in Scotland.

Wales is called Cymru in Welsh. English and Welsh are the two official languages of Wales. Cardiff is the largest city and also the capital of Wales.

Northern Ireland is the smallest country in the United Kingdom. It makes up part of the UK but is situated on an island in Western Europe called Ireland. I Northern Ireland takes up small part of the island of Ireland, while the rest of Ireland is an independent nation, the Republic of Ireland.



